

Report to the Quality & Access Sub-Committee July 20, 2007

CCMC ED Response Plan

Background

- Increasing trend of delayed kids in EDs in January/February/March '07
- Response plan effective April 13th:
 - Daily calls, onsite visits, and attendance in daily rounds
 - After hours phone consultation and on-site visits on request
 - Weekend coverage
 - On-site staff focused on community diversion as a potential alternative to inpatient admission
 - Peer specialists available to support families in the ED on request
 - New CCMC/Wheeler MOU provides for on-site presence of EMPS
 - EMPS participation in daily rounds
 - EMPS meeting with family when diversion is an option
- Response plan discontinued early June

CCMC ED VISITS (Draft Data)

Please note: this data includes CT BHP and non-CT BHP members who went to the CCMC ED



Average length of discharge delay at CCMC ED (Draft Data)

Please note: this data includes CT BHP and non-CT BHP members who went to the CCMC ED



Percent of CCMC ED Patients Admitted (Draft Data)

Please note: this data includes CT BHP and non-CT BHP members who went to the CCMC ED



Average Days Delayed CCMC compared to Statewide Average



Inpatient Services

Average Length of Stay

Average Total Length of Stay Includes "Acute" and "Delay" days of stay Inpatient (IPF, IPM and OBS)



Total ALOS Delayed Cases Only Includes "Acute" and "Delay" days of cases with a delay at some point in the stay DCF vs Non-DCF



"Acute" LOS

Includes Acute days of Delayed Cases and all days of Non-Delayed Cases DCF vs Non-DCF



"Acute" LOS Delayed Cases only DCF vs Non-DCF



How ALOS is impacted by Discharge Delay and DCF/Non-DCF Status

- Acute phase of DCF children is longer than acute phase of Non-DCF kids
- Acute phase of delayed DCF children is longer than acute phase of delayed Non-DCF children
- DCF children are delayed longer than non-DCF children
- Overall ALOS for all children increased from Q1 '07 to Q2 '07 by 3 days
- Non-DCF Delayed children Total ALOS decreased in Q2 '07 from 53.3 to 38.6 days but
- Delayed DCF children Total ALOS increased from 77.4 to 89.6 days
 - Both "Acute" ALOS (36.2 to 39.6) and "Delay" ALOS (41.2 to 50.0) increased for this population

Percent Days Delayed (Inpatient- IPF and IPM)



CT BHP Response to Inpatient Discharge Delay

Discharge Delay Strategies

Clinical Rounds

- 3 separate weekly rounds with child psychiatrist focus exclusively on cases >10 days in hospital
- Other rounds focus on cases already in discharge delay
- Recommendations documented in case notes
- System Managers bringing Discharge Delay Data to MSS weekly in some areas
- Auditing of all discharge delay cases

Auditing of sample of outlier (> 10 days LOS) cases to determine if:

- Reviewed in Discharge Delay Rounds and
- Should be in Discharge Delay status

Daily DCF review of Children in delay status Area Office Prompts

2007/2008 Performance Target

Reducing Discharge Delays for Youth Receiving Inpatient Behavioral Health Treatment

2007/2008 Performance Target

Reducing Discharge Delays Goal 1

- Improve the accuracy of discharge delay information generated by the ASO
 - Monthly Audit of sample of cases with >10 day LOS
 - Standing Training Agenda Item; Clinical Staff Meeting
 - Thrice weekly Clinical Rounds dedicated to review of all cases
 >10 day LOS
 - AIS enhancements that allow for cases > 9 authorizations to place case in delay status and change/update "reason for delay" code
 - Audits and enhancements all in place by 7/1/07
 - Result: improved timeliness and consistency of "definition" and identification of discharge delay cases
 - Increase in "delay" segment of ALOS in Q2 of '07, particularly for DCF kids

Reducing Discharge Delays Goal 2

- To facilitate timely access to community based services for those discharge delay cases that are delayed due to awaiting community based services
 - Development of community alternatives
 - ECC go-live September 1, 2007
 - Life Coaching LOC to be defined in Fall, 2007
 - ASO to train providers on new programs
 - Scheduling ECC trainings for Sept., Oct., & Nov.

Reducing Discharge Delays Goal 3

- Develop and implement a Treatment Improvement Initiative for Discharge Planning for Inpatient Care
 - Literature Review for best practice (underway)
 - Focus Groups to garner buy-in and generate ideas (three held to date)
- Develop a written document to present to the inpatient network

Next Steps

- Move to refined definition of ALOS breaking out "Acute" and "Delay" segments of stay.
- Monitor impact of ECCs on Discharge Delay in Q4 07
- Best Practices in Discharge Planning document and training in fall '07
- Partner with inpatient network to implement
- Other initiatives in planning stages

Network Management Opportunities

- Use of desktop reporting to:
 - Understand provider practice
 - Shape provider practice

2007 YTD ALOS Inpatient Mental Health Comparison of Eight (8) High Volume Facilities; DCF vs Non-DCF



Implications for Network Management - Possibilities

- Provider Performance analysis
- Development of Provider Profiles
- Identification of Best Practices
- Identification of Preferred Provider Network
- Utilization of data within a pay for performance environment